

Dundee Poverty Profile 2021



Dundee City Poverty Profile

The following outlines key statistics in relation to poverty across Dundee, where possible data has been used from national sources to allow benchmarking with Scotland overall. If national data is not available local data has been used which is collected annually to allow for future monitoring and evaluation. The local context around general deprivation in the city has been outlined followed by data with particular focus on child poverty, this data is based on key drivers of child poverty outlined in the guidance document provided by the Scottish Government in relation to development of The Child Poverty Scotland Act 2017.

Local Context

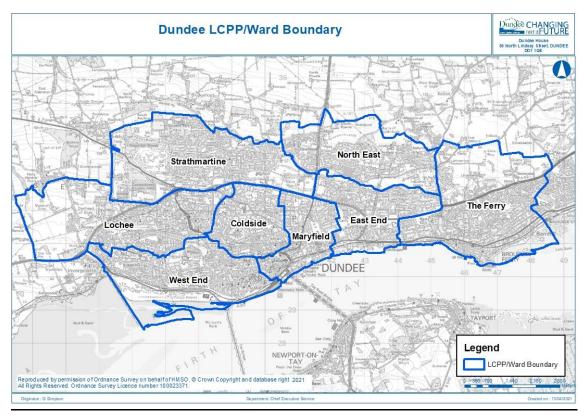
Dundee is Scotland's fourth largest city and is situated on the north coast of the mouth of the Tay Estuary. The most recent estimate of Dundee's population is 149,320 (National Records of Scotland (NRS) 2019 Mid-year population estimate). Dundee has a sizeable student population, and is home to the University of Dundee, Abertay University and Dundee & Angus College. The Dundee City Council area covers 60 square kilometres and is, geographically, the smallest local authority area in Scotland. It is bordered by Perth and Kinross Council to the west and Angus Council to the north and east.

Dundee City is split into 8 LCPP/Wards these are namely

- Coldside
- East End
- Lochee
- Maryfield

- North East
- Strathmartine
- The Ferry
- West End

Figure 1: Dundee City LCPP/Ward Boundaries



Mid-Year Population Estimates

Table 1: Dundee City 2019 Mid-Year Population Estimates

Age Group	Dundee City	Dundee City %	Scotland	Scotland %
0-15 Years	24,044	16.1%	921,397	16.9%
16-24 Years	20,881	14.0%	573,722	10.5%
25-44 Years	42,728	28.6%	1,423,672	26.1%
45-64 Years	35,600	23.8%	1,500,364	27.5%
65-74 Years	13,799	9.2%	578,300	10.6%
75+ Years	12,268	8.2%	465,845	8.5%
Total	149,320	100.0%	5,463,300	100.0%

Source: National Records of Scotland, 2019 Mid-Year Population Estimate

It is estimated that there are 24,044 children aged 0-15 years in Dundee City accounting for 16.1% of the overall Dundee City population. This proportion is slightly lower than the Scottish proportion which stands at 16.9%.

The following table shows the Dundee City 2019 Mid-Year population broken down to ward level. The table shows the number of individuals in each group as well as the percentage of the overall ward total.

Table 2: Dundee City 2019 Mid-Year Population Estimates – Ward Breakdown

Ward	0-15	16-24	25-44	45-64	65-74	75+	Total
	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	
Coldside	2,244	2,390	5,727	4,340	1,825	1,746	18,272
	(12.3%)	(13.1%)	(31.3%)	(23.8%)	(10.0%)	(9.6%)	
East End	3,199	1,496	4,377	3,823	1,597	1,284	15,776
	(20.3%)	(9.5%)	(27.7%)	(24.2%)	(10.1%)	(8.1%)	
Lochee	3,755	1,779	5,913	4,892	1,744	1,671	19,754
	(19.0%)	(9.0%)	(29.9%)	(24.8%)	(8.8%)	(8.5%)	
Maryfield	2,135	3,648	6,537	3,882	1,291	1,098	18,591
,	(11.5%)	(19.6%)	(35.2%)	(20.9%)	(6.9%)	(5.9%)	
North East	3,590	1,594	4,609	4,087	1,410	844	16,134
	(22.3%)	(9.9%)	(28.6%)	(25.3%)	(8.7%)	(5.2%)	
Strathmartine	3,942	1,756	5,178	5,238	2,007	1,585	19,706
	(20.0%)	(8.9%)	(26.3%)	(26.6%)	(10.2%)	(8.0%)	
The Ferry	3,040	1,428	4,552	5,681	2,587	2,810	20,098
	(15.1%)	(7.1%)	(22.6%)	(28.3%)	(12.9%)	(14.0%)	
West End	2,139	6,790	5,835	3,657	1,338	1,230	20,989
	(10.2%)	(32.4%)	(27.8%)	(17.4%)	(6.4%)	(5.9%)	

Source: National Records of Scotland, Electoral Ward Population Estimates (2011 Data Zone based) – 2019 Estimated population by sex and single year of age

Of the estimated 24,044 children aged 0-15 years living in Dundee City:

- 2,244 (9.3%) live in Coldside
- 3,199 (13.3%) live in East End
- 3,755 (15.6%) live in Lochee
- 2,135 (8.9%) live in Maryfield

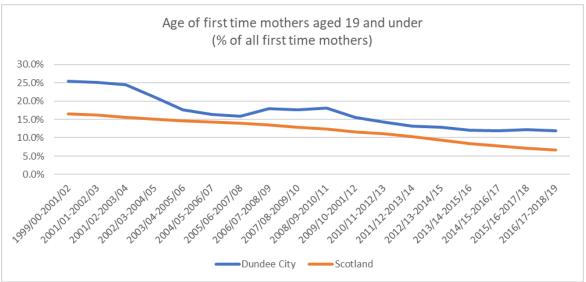
- 3,590 (14.9%) live in North East
- 3,942 (16.4% live in Strathmartine
- 3,040 (12.6%) live in The Ferry
- 2,139 (8.9%) live in West End

Rirtho

Figure 2 displays data on first time mothers aged 19 years and under as a percentage of all first mothers. The chart shows the 3-year aggregate figure and the date period shown is for the financial year ending 31st March and refers to the year of discharge from hospital.

In the period 2016/17-2018/19, 11.88% of first-time mothers in Dundee City were aged 19 years and under. This was higher than the Scottish figure for the same period which stood at 6.63%.

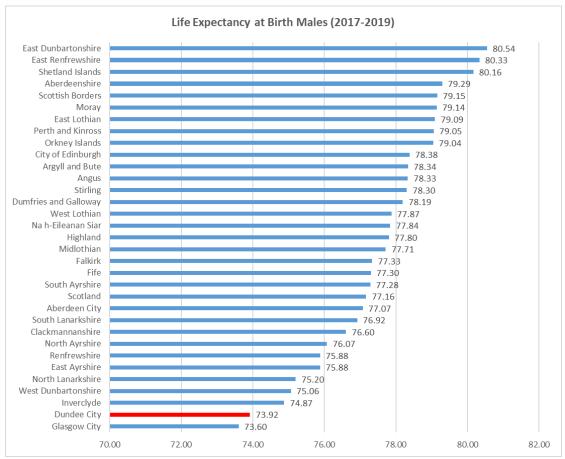
Figure 2: ISD Scotland – Age of First Time Mothers Aged 19 and Under (% of all first time mothers)



Source: Statistics.gov.scot - ISD Data Set - Age of First Time Mothers

Life Expectancy

Figure 3: Life Expectancy at Birth 2017-19 - Males



Source: National Records of Scotland – Life Expectancy for Administrative Areas Within Scotland 2017-2019

Dundee City has a male life expectancy at birth of 73.92 years. This is the second lowest when compared all of the local authorities in Scotland with Glasgow City reporting a lower life expectancy at

73.6 years. The life expectancy at birth for males in Dundee City is 3.24 years lower than the overall Scottish male life expectancy at birth which is 77.16 years.

Life Expectancy at birth Females (2017-2019) East Renfrewshire 83.96 East Dunbartonshire 83.65 Na h-Eileanan Siar 83.39 Perth and Kinross 83.26 Shetland Islands 83.21 East Lothian 82.72 Stirling 82.56 Aberdeenshire 82 52 City of Edinburgh 82.50 Orkney Islands 82.26 Angus 82.26 Scottish Borders 81.93 Highland 81.91 ArgvII and Bute 81.69 South Ayrshire 81.64 Midlothian 81.50 Moray 81.47 Dumfries and Galloway 81 44 Aberdeen City 81.40 Fife 81.15 Scotland 81.14 South Lanarkshire 81.06 West Lothian 80.97 Renfrewshire 80.70 Clackmannanshire 80.70 Falkirk 80.46 North Ayrshire 79.98 East Ayrshire 79.81 North Lanarkshire 79.60 Dundee City 79.48 West Dunbartonshire 79.21 Inverclyde 79.01 Glasgow City 78.50 79.00 85.00

Figure 4: Life Expectancy at Birth 2017-2019 - Females

Source: National Records of Scotland - Life Expectancy for Administrative Areas Within Scotland 2017-2019

Dundee City has a female life expectancy at birth of 79.48 years. When compared to all 32 Local Authorities in Scotland, the life expectancy for females at birth in Dundee City is the fourth lowest in Scotland with Glasgow City reporting the lowest life expectancy at birth for females for the period 2017-19 (78.50 years) followed by Inverclyde (79.01 years) and West Dunbartonshire (79.21 years). The life expectancy at birth for a female in Dundee City is 1.66 years lower than the Scottish female life expectancy at birth which is 81.14 years.

Ethnicity

The Scottish Government, 2019 Scottish Surveys Core Questions reported that 8.0% of Dundee's population are from non-white minority ethnic groups, this is higher than the overall Scottish figure of 4.7%.

Table 3: Non-White Minority Ethnic - % of total population

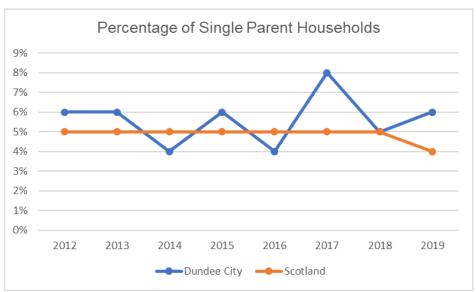
	Dundee City	Scotland
Non-white minority ethnic	8.0%	4.7%
group		

Source: Scottish Government, Scottish Surveys Core Questions 2019

Non-white minority ethnic group is defined as 'Asian' and categories within the 'Mixed or Multiple Ethnic Group', 'African', 'Caribbean or Black', and 'Other Ethnic Group' sections.

Single Parent Households

Figure 5: Percentage of single parent households



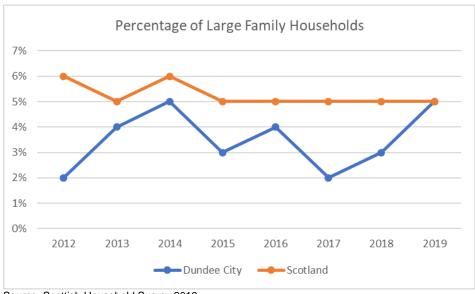
Source: Scottish Household Survey 2019

A single parent household is defined as a household which contains one adult of any age and one or more children It should be noted that the definition of a single parent does not make any distinction between situations where a child has regular contact and/or partly resides with their other parent and a child who solely resides with and is cared for by one parent

The 2019 Scottish Household Survey estimated that 6% of households in Dundee City are single parent households, at a Scottish level it is estimated that 4% are single parent households.

Large Family Households

Figure 6: Percentage of Large Family Households



Source: Scottish Household Survey 2019

A large family household contains two adults of any age and three or more children or three or more adults of any age and one or more children

The 2019 Scottish Household Survey estimated that 5% of households in Dundee City are large family households, this is consistent with the Scottish percentage which stood at 5%.

Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation 2020

The Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) is the official tool for finding the most deprived areas in Scotland. The 2020 SIMD was originally published on 28th January 2020, however due to an error identified with some DWP data used to build the SIMD, the Scottish Government re-published a revised version in June 2020.

The SIMD splits Scotland into 6,976 small areas, called 'data zones', with roughly equal populations. The Scotlish Government look at indicators to measure the different sides of deprivation in each data zone, like pupil performance, travel times to the GP, crime, unemployment and many others indicators, 34 in total.

These 34 indicators of deprivation are grouped into 7 types, called 'domains. The 7 domains (income; employment; health; education, geographic access to services; crime; and housing) are combined into one index – the SIMD, ranking each data zone in Scotland from 1 (most deprived) to 6,976 (least deprived). Focusing on small areas shows the different issues there are in each neighbourhood. These could be poor housing conditions, a lack of skills or good education, or poor public transport.

The Scottish Government uses 20% as a marker for the "Most Deprived" however they also state that those living in areas up to 40% most deprived may also experience difficulties. The 2020 SIMD reported that 70 of Dundee's 188 data zones were ranked in the 20% most deprived in Scotland.

Dundee City data zones ranked in the most deprived areas in Scotland

Dundee City is split into 188 data zones and the SIMD 2020 reported that the population in Dundee City was 148,710. The Scottish Government used the 2017 National Records of Scotland small area population estimates for their SIMD calculations.

The SIMD 2020 reported that **54,497 (36.6%)** people in Dundee City live in a data zone ranked within the 20% most deprived. This compares to **53,435 (36.0%)** in SIMD 2016. The SIMD reported that 70 of Dundee City's 188 data zones were ranked in the 20% most deprived in Scotland. This has increased by 1 when compared to the 2016 SIMD. The map below shows the location of the data zones in Dundee City ranked in the 20% Most Deprived.

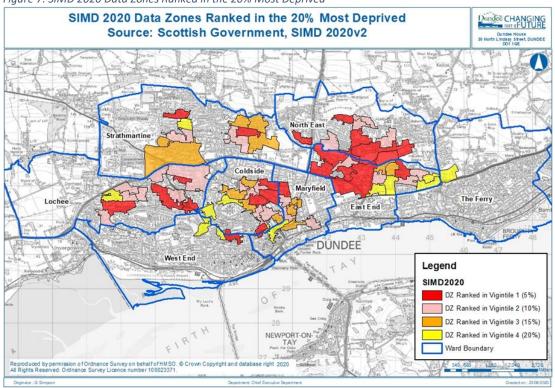


Figure 7: SIMD 2020 Data Zones Ranked in the 20% Most Deprived

The following table shows the population living in each LCPP/Ward and the breakdown of people who live in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived.

Table 4: LCPP/Ward – Population living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the SIMD 2020

LCPP/Ward	Total Population	Total Working Age Population	No. of data zones within 20% MD	Population within 20% MD	%	Working Age Population in 20% MD	% Population who live in 20% MD who are of working age
Coldside	18,366	12,426	14	11,192	60.9	7,595	67.9
East End	15,870	9,742	15	11,356	71.6	7,035	61.9
Lochee	19,439	12,319	12	9,599	49.4	6,211	64.7
Maryfield	18,610	14,026	8	6,789	36.5	5,270	77.6
North East	15,987	10,282	8	5,459	34.1	3,378	61.9
Strathmartine	19,684	12,201	10	8,030	40.8	4,914	61.2
The Ferry	20,174	11,770	0	0	0.0	0	0.0
West End	20,580	16,004	3	2,072	10.1	1,559	75.2
Total Dundee	148,710	98,770	70	54,497	36.6	35,962	66.0

Source: Scottish Government, Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation 2020

Seven of the eight LCPP/Wards in Dundee City contain data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived. East End (71.6%) and Coldside (60.9%) are the LCPP/Wards within Dundee City which have the greatest proportion of their respective populations living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived.

Child Population (aged 0 to 15) in most deprived data zones by LCPP/Ward

The 2020 SIMD reported that 10,506 children (aged 0-15 years) live within the 20% most deprived data zones, this accounts for 43.8% of children in that age group in Dundee City overall. This is consistent with figure reported in the 2016 SIMD of 10,413 (43.8%).

Table 5: Child (0-15) population within 5% and 20% most deprived

	Total Aged 0-15	0-15 within 5%	%	0-15 within	%
LCPP/Ward				20%	
Coldside	2,326	519	22.3	1,495	64.3
East End	3,274	1,110	33.9	2,611	79.7
Lochee	3,647	660	18.1	2,003	54.9
Maryfield	2,190	130	5.9	802	36.6
North East	3,502	670	19.1	1,375	39.3
Strathmartine	3,939	480	12.2	1,901	48.3
The Ferry	3,051	0	0.0	0	0.0
West End	2,069	55	2.7	319	15.4
Total	23,998	3,624	15.1	10,506	43.8

Source: Scottish Government, SIMD 2020

The Ferry is the only LCPP/Ward in Dundee City where 0% of children (0-15 years) live in a data zone ranked in the 20% most deprived. The majority of children (0-15 years) who live in East End (79.7%), Coldside (64.3%) and Lochee (54.9%) live in a data zone ranked in the 20% most deprived.

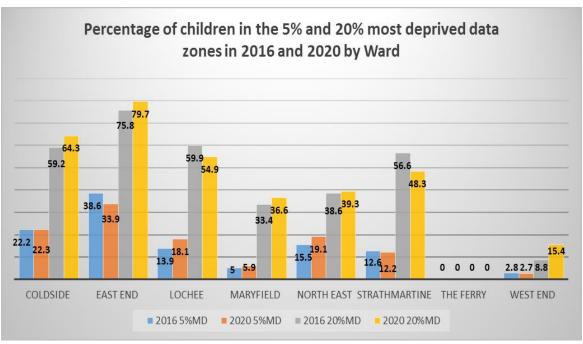
Table 6: Comparison of child population within the 5% and 20% most deprived – SIMD 2016 and 2020

	2016	2020	2016	2020
LCPP/Ward	5%	5%	20%	20%
Coldside	22.2	22.3	59.2	64.3
East End	38.6	33.9	75.8	79.7
Lochee	13.9	18.1	59.9	54.9
Maryfield	5.0	5.9	33.4	36.6
North East	15.5	19.1	38.6	39.3
Strathmartine	12.6	12.2	56.6	48.3
The Ferry	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
West End	2.8	2.7	8.8	15.4

Source: Scottish Government, SIMD 2016 and 2020

When comparing the SIMD 2016 and 2020 five of the LCPP/Wards in Dundee City namely Coldside, East End, Maryfield, North East and West End experienced increases in the percentage of children aged 0-15 years living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived.

Figure 8: Percentage of children in the 5% and 20% most deprived data zones in 2016 and 2020 by Ward



Source: Scottish Government, SIMD 2016 and 2020

SIMD 2020 Education Domain

Table 7: Children (0-15 years) living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the Education Domain

LCPP/Ward	Population 0-15yrs	Children 0-15yrs living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the Education Domain	% Children 0-15yrs living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the Education Domain
Coldside	2,326	1,226	52.7%
East End	3,274	2,346	71.7%
Lochee	3,647	2,367	64.9%
Maryfield	2,190	849	38.8%
North East	3,502	2,215	63.2%
Strathmartine	3,939	1,753	44.5%
The Ferry	3,051	0	0.0%
West End	2,069	592	28.6%
Total Dundee	23,998	11,348	47.3%

Source: Scottish Government, SIMD 2020

The 2020 SIMD reported that 11,348 children aged 0-15 years or 47.3% of all children in this age group in Dundee City live in a data zone ranked in the 20% most deprived in the education domain. The percentage varies across the LCPP/Wards in the City from 71.7% of all children in East End to 0% of children in The Ferry.

SIMD 2020 - Employment Domain

The employment domain in the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation examines unemployment claimant counts averaged over 12 months, working age incapacity benefit or employment support allowance recipients and working age severe disablement allowance recipients.

Table 8: SIMD 2020 – Percentage of working age population who live in a data zone ranked in the 20% most deprived in the Employment Domain

LCPP/Ward	Working Age Population	Working Age Population living in data zones ranked in 20% Most Deprived in Employment Domain	% Working Age Population living in data zones ranked in 20% Most Deprived in Employment Domain
Coldside	12,426	7,595	61.1%
East End	9,742	6,782	69.6%
Lochee	12,319	7,118	57.8%
Maryfield	14,026	4,416	31.5%
North East	10,282	3,378	32.9%
Strathmartine	12,201	4,503	36.9%
The Ferry	11,770	624	5.3%
West End	16,004	1,559	9.7%
Total Dundee	98,770	35,975	36.4%

Source: Scottish Government, SIMD 2020

The SIMD reported that 35,975 people or 36.4% of the working age population in Dundee City live in a data zone that is ranked in the 20% most deprived in the employment domain. The percentage of the working age population living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the employment domain varies significantly across the LCPP/Wards in Dundee City from 60% and over in in East End (69.6%), and Coldside (61.1%) to around 5% in The Ferry.

The Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation also provides a count of the number of employment deprived people in each data zone. This is a useful measure as it can show the number of individuals who are classed as being employment deprived in data zones that are not ranked in the 20% most deprived.

Table 9: SIMD 2020 – Percentage of the working age population who are classed as employment deprived

LCPP/Ward	Working Age Population	Count of people who are classed as employment deprived	% working age population who are classed as employment deprived
Coldside	12,426	2,059	16.6%
East End	9,742	1,764	18.1%
Lochee	12,319	2,023	16.4%
Maryfield	14,026	1,789	12.8%
North East	10,282	1,275	12.4%
Strathmartine	12,201	1,511	12.4%
The Ferry	11,770	580	4.9%
West End	16,004	1,255	7.8%
Total Dundee	98,770	12,256	12.4%

Source: Scottish Government, SIMD 2020

The SIMD 2020 found that 12.4% of the working age population in Dundee City are classed as employment deprived. The proportions across the eight LCPP/Wards in Dundee varies from 18.1% in East End to 4.9% in The Ferry.

SIMD 2020 - Income Domain

The income domain in the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation examines adults and children in Income Support or Income-based Employment Support Allowance households, adults in Guarantee Pension Credit households, adults and children in Job Seekers Allowance households and adults and children in Tax Credit Families.

Table 10: SIMD 2020 – Percentage of the population living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the income domain

LCPP/Ward	Total Population	Population living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the income domain	% of the population living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the income domain
Coldside	18,366	11,192	60.9%
East End	15,870	12,111	76.3%
Lochee	19,439	9,599	49.4%
Maryfield	18,610	6,789	36.5%
North East	15,987	5,459	34.1%
Strathmartine	19,684	7,380	37.5%
The Ferry	20,174	588	2.9%
West End	20,580	1,253	6.1%
Total Dundee	148,710	54,371	36.6%

Source: Scottish Government, SIMD 2020

The SIMD reported that 36.6% of the population in Dundee City live in a data zone ranked in the 20% most deprived in the income domain. The percentage of the population living in these data zones varies significantly in the different LCPP/Wards in Dundee City from 76.3% in East End to 2.9% in The Ferry.

For each data zone the Scottish Index of Multiple Deprivation (SIMD) produces a count of individuals classed as income deprived. The number of income deprived people is an attempt to identify individuals who are income deprived despite not living in a data zone that is ranked within the 20% most deprived.

Table 11: Percentage of the population who are classed as income deprived

LCPP/Ward	Total Population	Count of the population who are classed as Income Deprived	% of the population who are classified as Income Deprived
Coldside	18,366	3,904	21.3%
East End	15,870	4,018	25.3%
Lochee	19,439	3,940	20.3%
Maryfield	18,610	3,064	16.5%
North East	15,987	2,925	18.3%
Strathmartine	19,684	3,390	17.2%
The Ferry	20,174	1,072	5.3%
West End	20,580	2,078	10.1%
Total Dundee	148,710	24,391	16.4%

Source: Scottish Government, SIMD 2020

The SIMD 2020 reported that 16.4% of the population in Dundee City are classed as income deprived. East End (25.3%), Coldside (21.3%) and Lochee (20.3%) were the LCPP/Wards which have the greatest proportion of their populations who are classed as income deprived. In contrast West End (10.1%) and The Ferry (5.3%) are the LCPP/Wards which have the lowest proportions of their respective populations who are classed as income deprived.

SIMD 2020 - Housing Domain

Table 12: Percentage of the population living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the housing domain

LCPP/Ward	Total Population	Population living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the housing domain	% of the population living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the housing domain
Coldside	18,366	11,523	62.7%
East End	15,870	7,532	47.5%
Lochee	19,439	9,164	47.1%
Maryfield	18,610	13,487	72.5%
North East	15,987	6,900	43.2%
Strathmartine	19,684	4,800	24.4%
The Ferry	20,174	982	4.9%
West End	20,580	13,204	64.2%
Total Dundee	148,710	67,592	45.5%

Source: Scottish Government, SIMD 2020

In Dundee City 45.5% of the population live in a data zone which is ranked in the 20% most deprived in the housing domain. Maryfield (72.5%), West End (64.2%) and Coldside (62.7%) are the LCPP/Wards which have the greatest percentage of their respective populations living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the housing domain. The Ferry (4.9%) is the LCPP/Ward which has the lowest proportion of the population living in data zones ranked in the 20% most deprived in the housing domain.

Percentage of Children in Poverty After Housing Costs

2019/20 child poverty estimates by the Child Poverty Action Group published in May 2021 which measures children in low-income households after housing costs show that 26.8% of children in Dundee City are living in poverty after housing costs in comparison to 24.3% across Scotland.

Table 13: Recent Child Poverty Rates After Housing Costs across Dundee and Scotland

	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20
Dundee City	23.8%	25.0%	26.4%	27.0%	26.2%	26.8%
Scotland	21.6%	22.8%	23.4%	24.2%	23.2%	24.3%

Source: End Child Poverty, Child Poverty in your area 2014/15-2019/20 (published May 2021)

Percentage of children in low income households Before Housing Costs

HMRC produce statistics which show the number of children living in low income families, the term "low income" refers to being below the poverty threshold. These statistics complement the official child poverty statistics and are calibrated to the 3-year average estimates for Scotland and other nations and regions in the UK. Therefore, the total number of children in poverty in Scotland – in this measure matches the official estimates for Scotland. The numbers are lower overall than the End Child Poverty figures shown above as these are before housing costs.

Table 14: Percentage of children in low income households before housing costs

Ward	2017/2018	2018/2019	2019/20*	Change
The Ferry	8%	7%	9%	1%
Maryfield	29%	28%	26%	-3%
North East	21%	20%	22%	2%
Lochee	23%	24%	22%	-2%
West End	15%	16%	15%	0%
Strathmartine	22%	20%	21%	-1%
East End	25%	26%	27%	2%
Coldside	31%	31%	31%	1%
DUNDEE	22%	21%	22%	-

Source: HMRC figures for 2019/20 are provisional

Looking at children in low income households (before housing costs) as shown below, In Dundee City 56.6% of these children are in lone parent families and 42.2% are in non-working families

Table 15: Percentage of children in low income households before housing costs - Lone Parent Families 2019/20*

Ward	%
Coldside	11.9
East End	19.3
Lochee	16.3
Maryfield	8.7
North East	16.8
Strathmartine	15.9
The Ferry	4.7
West End	6.4
DUNDEE	56.6

Source: HMRC figures for 2019/20 are provisional

Table 16: Percentage of children in low income households before housing costs - Non Working Families 2019/20*

Ward	%
Coldside	12.7
East End	18.9
Lochee	17.2
Maryfield	9.1
North East	16.0
Strathmartine	15.5
The Ferry	3.8
West End	6.8
DUNDEE	42.2

Source: HMRC figures for 2019/20 are provisional

Children living in households experiencing low income and material deprivation

The Scottish Government state that 30.1% of children in Dundee City live in families that experience both low income and material deprivation. This measure of limited resources brings together two aspects of poverty: living on a low income and living in material deprivation (being unable to afford basic necessities). This was higher than the overall Scottish level which stood at 20.7%

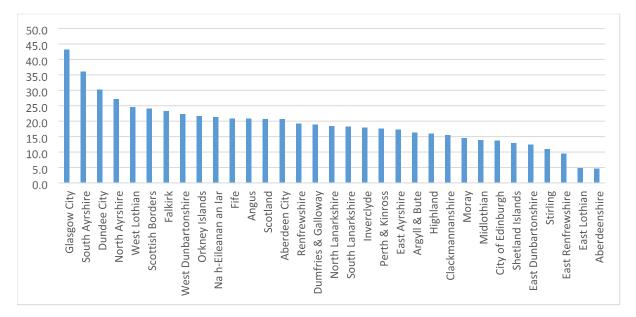


Figure 9: Percentage of children who live in families with limited resources

Source: Scottish Government, Children in Families with Limited Resources across Scotland (2014-2017)

Homelessness and People in Temporary Accommodation

The Scottish Government published the Homelessness in Scotland 2019 to 2020 report in August 2020. This publication reported that during the period 2019/2020, there were 1,022 applications in Dundee City that were assessed as homeless or threatened with homelessness. There were 1,537 people associated with these applications 1,127 adults and 410 children.

At a Scottish level in the period 2019/2020 there were 31,333 applications assessed as homeless or threatened with homelessness. There were 51,365 people associated with these applications 35,654 adults and 15,711 children.

As at 31st March 2020, there were 245 households in temporary accommodation in Dundee City. The number of children living in temporary accommodation as at 31st March 2020 was 185. The number of children living in temporary accommodation in Dundee City increased by 8.8% from 170 as at 31st March 2019 to 185 as at 31st March 2020. The chart below shows the number of children living in temporary accommodation in Dundee City at 31st March from 2002 to 2020.

Figure 10: Number of children in temporary accommodation as at 31st March 2002-2020 (Dundee City)

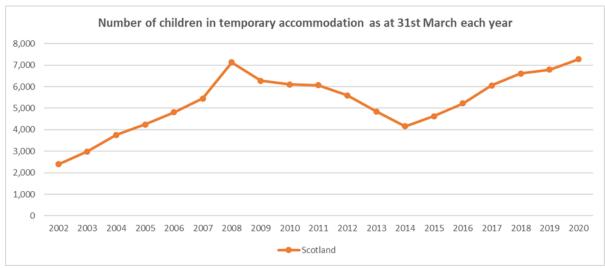


Source: Scottish Government, Homelessness in Scotland 2019-2020, Table 31: Number of children in temporary accommodation as at 31st March by Local Authority

At a Scottish level as at 31st March 2020, there were 11,665 households in temporary accommodation. The number of children living in temporary accommodation as at 31st March 2020 was 7,280.

The number of children living in temporary accommodation in Scotland increased by 7.1% from 6,795 as at 31st March 2019 to 7,280 as at 31st March 2020. The chart below shows the number of children living in temporary accommodation in Scotland at 31st March 2002 to 2020.

Figure 11: Number of children in temporary accommodation as at 31st March 2002-2020 (Scotland)



Source: Scottish Government, Homelessness in Scotland 2019-2020, Table 31: Number of children in temporary accommodation as at 31st March by Local Authority

The Scottish Government, Homelessness in Scotland 2019-2020 publication reported that there were 65 households in temporary accommodation in Dundee City with a child or pregnant woman as 31st March 2020. This figure is consistent with the figures reported in 2017, 2018 and 2019.

^{*}Figures have been rounded to the nearest 5 for disclosure control

^{*}Figures have been rounded to the nearest 5 for disclosure control

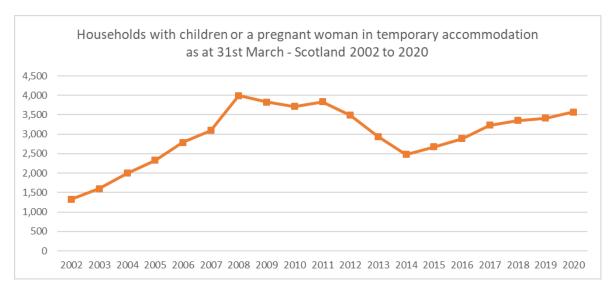
Figure 12: Households with children or a pregnant woman in temporary accommodation as at 31st March 2002 to 2020 – Dundee City



Source: Scottish Government, Homelessness in Scotland 2019-2020, Table 30, Households with children or a pregnant woman in temporary accommodation as at 31st March 2002 to 2020

At a Scottish level there were 3,570 households in temporary accommodation with a child or pregnant woman as at 31st March 2020. This figure has increased by 4.5% from 3,415 at March 2019 to 3,570 at March 2020.

Figure 13: Households with children or a pregnant woman in temporary accommodation as at 31st March 2002 to 2020 Scotland



Source: Scottish Government, Homelessness in Scotland 2019-2020, Table 30, Households with children or a pregnant woman in temporary accommodation as at 31st March 2002 to 2020

Private Rental Statistics

The private rented sector accounts for 23% of the housing stock in Dundee City, the second highest proportion of private rented properties behind Edinburgh (25%) when compared to all local authorities in Scotland.

^{*}Figures have been rounded to the nearest 5 for disclosure purposes

^{*}Figures have been rounded to the nearest 5 for disclosure purposes

Tenure Estimates - Rented Privately or with a Job/Business 30 25 20 15 10 Perth & Kinross Edinburgh, City of Glasgow City Moray Aberdeen City **Dumfries & Galloway** Highland Scottish Borders Stirling Inverclyde Argyll & Bute West Lothian \berdeen shire North Lanark shire Shetland Islands Dundee City Clackmannanshire Scotland Midlothian south Ayr shire south Lanarkshire East Ayrshire Na h-Eileanan Siar East Dunbartonshire West Dunbartonshire East Renfrewshire Renfrewshire East Lothian

Figure 14: Tenure Estimates – Rented Privately or with a Job/Business (March 2018)

Source: Scottish Government - Housing Statistics 2019 publication - Housing Stock by tenure to March 2018

The Scottish Government Private Rent Statistics 2010-2020 publication reported that the median rent in the private sector for a 2-bedroom property in the Dundee and Angus broad rental market area was £550 per month. (rent prices 2020-year end to September).

Average (mean) rents between 2019 and 2020 in the Dundee and Angus broad rental market increased for 1 bedroom properties (0.9%) and 4 bedroom properties (2.7%). There were decreases for 2 bedroom properties (-0.2%), 3 bedroom properties (-1.5%) and 1 bedroom shared properties (-3.7%), which compares to CPI inflation of 0.5% across this time period.

Vulnerable Children

The Scottish Government publish Children's Social Work Statistics on an annual basis with the most recent statistics being for the period 2019-20.

The publication reported that on the 31st July 2020, there were 493 children looked after in Dundee City. This represents 1.8% of the 0-17 years population. At a Scottish level on the 31st July 2020, there were 14,458 children looked after in Scotland which equates to 1.4% of the 0-17 years population.

Table 17: Children looked after by type of accommodation – Dundee City 31st July 2020

Location	Number of Looked After Children	
In the Community		
At home with parents	83	
With friends/relatives	136	
With foster carers provided by Local Authority	140	
With foster carers purchased by Local Authority	67	
In other community*	14	
In residential accommodation		
In local authority home/ Voluntary Home	25	
In other residential care**	28	

Source: Scottish Government, Children's Social Work Statistics 2019/20 - Additional Tables - Table 3.3

The Scottish Government Children's Social Work 2019-20 publication reported that in Dundee City there were 102 children on the Child Protection Register at 31st July 2020. Overall in Scotland there were 2,654 children on the Child Protection Register at 31st July 2020.

Please note table excludes children who are on a planned series of short term placements *In other community includes with prospective adopters

^{**}Other residential care includes crisis care, secure accommodation and residential school

Primary 1 – Body Mass Index

Public Health Scotland publish statistics on the body mass index of primary 1 pupils on an annual basis. In 2018/19 it reported in Dundee City that 73.8% of pupils were of a healthy weight, 13.5% were at risk of being overweight and 11.3% were at risk of obesity.

At a Scottish level, 76.6% of pupils were of a healthy weight, 12.2% were at risk of being overweight and 10.3% were at risk of obesity. (Source: Public Health Scotland – Body Mass Index Statistics 2018/19)

School Pupil Numbers

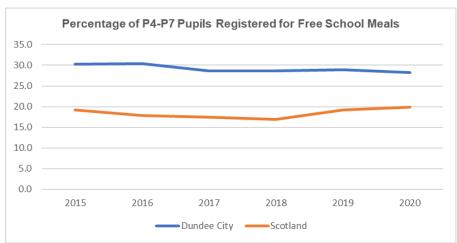
The Scottish Government Pupil Census 2020 reported that there were

- 33 Primary Schools in Dundee City with 10,330 pupils attending these schools
- 8 Secondary Schools in Dundee City with 7,714 pupils attending these schools
- 2 Special Schools in Dundee City with 303 pupils attending these schools

Free School Meal Data

The Scottish Government Healthy Living Survey 2020 reported that 28.2% of primary 4-7 pupils on the school roll in Dundee City were registered for free school meals. This was higher than the overall Scottish percentage which stood at 19.9%. At secondary school level, 24.1% of those on the school roll in Dundee City were registered for free school meals. This was higher than the overall Scottish percentage which stood at 15.6%.

Figure 15: Percentage of Primary 4-7 Pupils registered for free school meals



Source: Scottish Government, Healthy Living Survey 2020

School Attainment

Table 18: Percentage of leavers attaining literacy and numeracy at SCQF Level 4 and 5

	SCQF 4+		SCQF 5+	
	Dundee City	Virtual	Dundee City	Virtual
		Comparator		Comparator
2020	85.4%	83.9%	63.9%	59.6%

Source: Insight

In Dundee City in 2020, 85.4% of school leavers attained literacy and numeracy at SCQF Level 4. This was higher than the virtual comparator which stood at 83.9%. In 2020, 63.9% of school leavers attained literacy and numeracy at SCQF Level 5, this was higher than the virtual comparator which stood at 59.6%.

Table 19: Percentage of school leavers achieving literacy and numeracy at SCQF 5+ by deprivation 2020

	Dundee City	Virtual Comparator
SIMD Quintile 2-5	73.8%	71.0%
SIMD Quintile 1	48.7%	42.2%
Gap (PP)	25.1	28.8

Source: Insight

The above table shows attainment in literacy and numeracy at SCQF level or 5 better, broken down by deprivation group. In 2020 the gap in literacy and numeracy at SCQF level 5 between pupils living in the most and least deprived areas in Dundee City was 25.1 percentage points. In contrast the gap for the virtual comparator was 28.8 percentage points

Table 20: Positive Destinations 2019/20

			Care experienced le	avers
	Dundee City	Virtual Comparator	National	Dundee City
2019/20	92.3%	91.8%	81.4%	71.4%

Source: Insights

In 2019/20 92.3% of all school leavers in Dundee City entered a positive destination. During the same period 71.4% of care experienced leavers in Dundee City entered a positive destination.

Employment and Unemployment (January – December 2020)

Economically Active

Table 21: Economically Active – January to December 2020

Economically Active January – December 2020	Dundee City (Numbers)	Dundee City (Percentage)	Scotland (Percentage)
Economically Active*	73,300	76.3	76.8
In Employment*	68,800	71.5	73.5
Employees*	61,100	63.8	65.2
Self Employed*	7,000	7.2	8.1
Unemployment (model based)**	4,000	5.5	4.3

Source: NOMIS, ONS Annual Population Survey

In the period January to December 2020, the ONS Annual Population Survey estimated that 73,300 or 76.3% of those aged 16-64 years in Dundee City were Economically Active. This is 0.5% lower than the Scottish proportion which stood at 76.8%

Economically Inactive

Table 22: Economically Inactive – January to December 2020

Economically Inactive January-December 2020	Dundee City (Numbers)	Dundee City (Percentage)	Scotland (Percentage)
Total	22,300	23.7	23.2
Student	9,400	42.2	26.2
Looking After Family/Home	2,400	10.9	16.5
Temporary Sick	!	!	1.6
Long-Term Sick	7,100	31.8	28.7
Discouraged	!	!	1.0
Retired	1,600	7.0	14.6
Other	1,300	5.7	11.4
Wants a Job	4,800	21.6	22.8
Does not want a job	17,500	78.4	77.2

Source: NOMIS, ONS Annual Population Survey

^{*}Numbers are for those aged 16 and over, %'s are for those aged 16-64

^{**}Numbers and %'s are for those aged 16 and over. % is a proportion of economically active

! Estimate is not available since sample size is disclosive

Numbers are for those aged 16-64

% is proportion of those economically inactive, except total which is a proportion of those aged 16-64 years

In the period January to December 2020, the ONS Annual Population Survey estimated that 22,300 or 23.7% of those aged 16-64 years in Dundee City were Economically Inactive. This is 0.5% higher than the Scottish proportion which stood at 23.2%.

Job Density

Jobs density represents the number of jobs in an area divided by the resident population aged 16-64 in that area. For example, a job density of 1.0 would mean that there is one job for every resident aged 16-64. In Dundee in 2019 this figure was 0.85 in comparison to 0.82 in Scotland overall.

Employment in lower paid occupations

Table 23: Employment in "Lower Paid" Occupations

Employment in "lower paid" Occupations	Dundee City	Scotland
Percentage of all in employment	32.3%	27.5%

Source: NOMIS, ONS Annual Population Survey January – December 2020

Percentage of all those in employment in Occupations (SOC2010) major group of employment – 6 caring, leisure and other service occupations, 7 Sales and customer services occupations and 9 elementary occupations

For the period January to December 2020, the ONS Annual Population Survey estimated that 32.3% of those in employment in Dundee City were employed in "lower paid" occupations at a Scottish level the percentage was 27.5%.

Under Employment of population aged 16+

Figure 16: Under Employment of Population aged 16+



Source: ONS Annual Population Survey, Scottish Government – Scotland's Labour Market – People, Places and Regions Annual Population Survey 2019. Table 1.15 Underemployment of population aged 16 and Over, 2004-2019. Respondents who would like to work longer hours given the opportunity

Under employment refers to those who are in work but would prefer to work more hours for the same rate of pay. This provides a measure of under-utilisation of labour. The Annual Population Survey estimated that underemployment in Dundee City was 9.5% in 2019. At a Scottish level underemployment was estimated to be 7.1%.

Earnings

Table 24: Median Gross Weekly Pay FTE - Residents Based 2020

Median Gross Weekly Pay	Dundee City (Pounds)	Scotland (Pounds)
Residents Based		
Full Time Workers	559.7	595.0
Male Full-Time Workers	575.9	626.3
Female Full-Time Workers	535.1	562.5

Source: NOMIS, ONS Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings – Resident Analysis

Median earnings in pounds for employees living in the area

The ONS Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings reported that in 2020 gross median weekly earnings for full time workers residing in Dundee City stood at £559.7, this was lower than the Scottish median gross weekly pay for residents which stood at £595.0.

Table 25: Median Gross Annual Pay – FTE (Resident Based 2020)

Location	Median Gross Annual Pay FTE
Dundee City	£27,662
Glasgow City	£31,332
Aberdeen City	£30,536
City of Edinburgh	£33,862
Scotland	£31,836

Source: NOMIS, ONS Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings – Resident Analysis

Median earnings in pounds for employees living in the area

The median gross annual earnings for full time employees residing in Dundee City was £27,662 in 2020. This is lower when compared to the other cities displayed in the above table. The median gross annual earnings in 2020 for full time employees residing in Scotland was £31,836.

Table 26: Median Gross Weekly Pay (FTE) Workplace Based

Median Gross Weekly Pay	Dundee City (Pounds)	Scotland (Pounds)
Work Place Based		
Full Time Workers	592.7	592.7
Male Full-Time Workers	604.8	620.7
Female Full-Time Workers	556.8	561.7

Source: NOMIS, ONS Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings – Workplace Analysis

Median earnings in pounds for employees working in the area

The 2020 ONS Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings reported that gross median weekly earnings for full time workers working in Dundee City stood at £592.7 this was consistent with the Scottish median gross weekly pay for those working in Scotland.

Table 27: Median Gross Annual Pay – FTE (Work Place based)

Location	Median Gross Annual Pay FTE
Dundee City	£29,531
Glasgow City	£32,787
Aberdeen City	£34,664
City of Edinburgh	£34,873
Scotland	£31,605

Source: NOMIS, ONS Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings -Work Place Analysis

Median earnings in pounds for employees working in the area

The median gross annual earnings for full time employees working in Dundee City was £29,531 in 2020. This is lower when compared to the other cities displayed in the above table. The median gross annual earnings in 2020 for full time employees working in Scotland was £31,605.

Employees (18+) earning less than the living wage 2012-2020

Figure 17: Employees (18+) earning less than the living wage 2012-2020



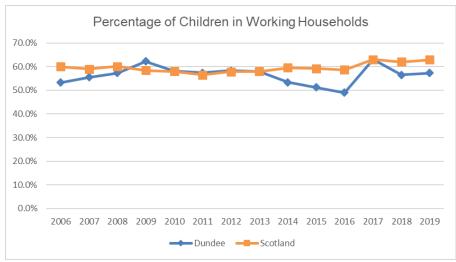
Source: Scottish Government, ONS Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings Tables – OCEAES – Economic Statistics Labour Market Statistics

- 1. Estimates for employees aged 18+ on the PAYE system on adult rates whose pay for the survey pay-period was not affected by absence. Estimates for 2020 include employees who have been furloughed under the Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS).
- 2. Levels calculated using low pay calibration weights in line with ONS guidance.
- 3. Hourly earnings excludes any overtime payments.
- 4. Local authority estimates are 'workplace' based and include all those working in each local authority regardless of where they live.

In 2020, the ONS Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings reported that 12.0% of employees aged 18+ in Dundee City were earning less than the living wage. This was lower than the overall Scottish percentage which stood at 15.2%

Percentage of Children in Working Households

Figure 18: Percentage of children in working households



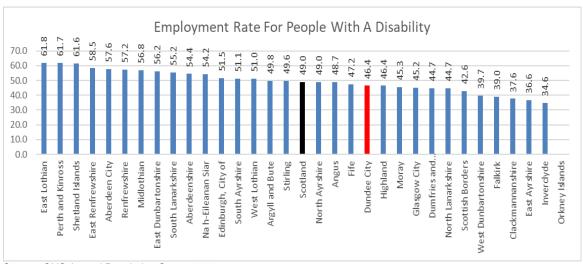
Source: ONS Annual Population Survey – Figures as at January – December each year Children refers to children all children under 16

A working household is a household that contains at least one person aged 16 to 64, where all individuals aged 16 and over are in employment.

The ONS Annual Population Survey estimated that in the period January to December 2019, 57.3% of children aged under 16 were living in working in households. At a Scottish level it was estimated that 63.0% of children aged under 16 were living in working households.

Employment rate for people with disability

Figure 19: Employment Rate for People with A Disability (2019)



Source: ONS Annual Population Survey 2019

Please note figures not shown for Orkney Islands as estimate is below reliability threshold or disclosive Rates are based on those aged 16-64

The employment rate for people with a disability in Dundee City is 46.4% according to the 2019 ONS Annual Population Survey. At a Scottish level the rate stood at 49.0%.

DWP - Children in Low Income Families - Great Britain - 2014/15 to 2019/20

The tables below are taken from DWP - Children in Low Income Families – Local Area Statistics, UK, Financial years ending 2015 to 2020 which were published in March 2021.

This publication contains annual official statistics on the number of children living in Relative and Absolute low income families by local area across the United Kingdom. These statistics replace earlier Official Statistics previously published by DWP (Children in out-of-work benefit households) and HMRC (Personal tax credits: Children in low-income families local measure). The new statistics provide a more coherent picture of children living in low income families by local area.

Figures are calibrated to the Households Below Average Income (HBAI) survey 3-year regional averages of children living in low income households but provide more granular local area information not available in HBAI. There is no material impact of COVID-19 upon the data used in this release. The Family Resources Survey (FRS) 2019 to 2020 data (which HBAI estimates are based on) forms a key, pre-pandemic baseline of household incomes.

A minor methodological revision has been made to capture all income from child maintenance in HBAI. This has resulted in more income from child maintenance being included, which in turn has slightly increased some household incomes and slightly reduced low income rates for families with children. The full back series of HBAI and Children in low income families: local area statistics have been revised. This means previously published statistics may be slightly different to those published in this year's release.

The publication shows numbers and percentages for children aged under 16 living in Relative and Absolute low income families by local authority, ward and Westminster Parliamentary constituency. Percentages are calculated by dividing the number of children aged 0 to 15 living in low income families in a geographical area (for example, a local authority), by the population aged 0 to 15 in that geographical area. Populations have been taken from mid-year population estimates which are an estimate of the usual resident population as at 30 June of the reference year. The mid-2019 population estimates were the latest available at the time of release. Percentages are shown for children aged under 16 due to difficulty identifying 16 to 19 year olds defined as child dependents in the population estimates.

Definitions used in the publication:

Children are defined as dependent individuals aged under 16. Child age is derived as the duration from date of birth to 31 March in each year.

A family is defined as a single adult; or a married or cohabitating couple; or a Civil Partnership; and any dependent children.

Relative low income is defined as a family in low income Before Housing Costs (BHC) in the reference year. A family must have claimed Child Benefit and at least one other household benefit (Universal Credit, tax credits or Housing Benefit) at any point in the year to be classed as low income in these statistics.

Absolute low income is defined as a family in low income Before Housing Costs (BHC) in the reference year in comparison with incomes in financial year ending 2011. A family must have claimed Child Benefit and at least one other household benefit (Universal Credit, tax credits or Housing Benefit) at any point in the year to be classed as low income in these statistics.

Table 28: The number and percentage of children (Aged Under 16) – Living in Relative Low Income Families – Dundee City

The Number and Percentage of Children (Aged Under 16) – Living in Relative Low Income Families – Dundee City						
	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20*
Number	3,899	3,933	4,769	5,154	5,091	5,186
Percentage	16%	17%	20%	22%	21%	22%

Source: DWP- Children in low income families, local area, statistics UK Financial Years ending 2015 to 2020

Table 1: Number and Percentage of children (aged under 16) living in relative low income families local authority FYE 2015 to 2020 UK

Info: Statistical disclosure control has been applied to this table to avoid the release of confidential data. Total may not sum due to the disclosure control applied.

- *2019/20 are provisional, these figures will be subject to revision in subsequent releases
- 1. Figures show children aged under 16 in Relative low income families before housing costs (BHC)
- 2. Percentage are calculated by dividing the number of children aged under 16 living in low income families in a local authority by the population aged under 16 in that Local Authority
- 3. Populations have been taken from mid-year population estimates. The mid 2019 population estimates were the latest available at the time of release
- 4. Percentages have been rounded to 1 decimal place
- 5. Local Authorities reflect LA boundaries as of April 2019

Provisional figures for Dundee City in 2019/20 show that 22% of children aged under 16 years live in relative low income families. This has increased from 21% reported in 2018/19.

Table 29: The number and percentage of children (Aged Under 16) – Living in Relative Low Income Families – Dundee City Ward Breakdown

	The Number and Percentage of Children (Aged Under 16) – Living in Relative Low Income					
Families - Du	ndee City					
Ward	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20*
Coldside	503 (22%)	589 (26%)	678 (30%)	713 (31%)	715 (31%)	702 (31%)
East End	649 (20%)	628 (19%)	756 (23%)	815 (25%)	837 (26%)	854 (27%)
Lochee	582 (17%)	678 (19%)	819 (23%)	848 (23%)	882 (24%)	818 (22%)
Maryfield	478 (22%)	470 (21%)	560 (25%)	628 (29%)	602 (28%)	554 (26%)
North East	545 (16%)	511 (15%)	725 (21%)	719 (21%)	704 (20%)	803 (22%)
Strathmartine	654 (16%)	597 (15%)	751 (19%)	868 (22%)	787 (20%)	845 (21%)
The Ferry	235 (8%)	214 (7%)	225 (7%)	238 (8%)	219 (7%)	276 (9%)
West End	253 (13%)	244 (12%)	263 (13%)	314 (15%)	346 (16%)	327 (15%)

Source: DWP- Children in low income families, local area, statistics UK Financial Years ending 2015 to 2020

Table 5: Number and percentage of children (aged under 16) living in relative low income families Ward FYE 2015 to 2020, UK Statistical disclosure control has been applied to this table to avoid the release of confidential data. Totals may not sum due to the disclosure control applied.

- *2019/20 figures are provisional and are subject to revision in subsequent releases
- 1. Figures are for the UK and show children aged under 16 in Relative low income families Before Housing Costs (BHC)
- 2. Percentages are calculated by dividing the number of children aged under 16 living in low income families in a Ward by the population aged under 16 in that Ward.

- 3. Populations have been taken from mid-year population estimates. The mid 2019 population estimates were the latest available at the time of release
- 4. Percentages have been rounded to 1 decimal place
- 5. Wards reflect 2019 electoral wards

Provisional figures for 2019/20 show that the percentage of children (aged under 16) living in relative low income families in Dundee City varies across the different wards. The highest percentages were experienced in Coldside (31%), East End (27%) and Maryfield (26%). The lowest proportions occurred in West End (15%) and The Ferry (9%).

Table 30: Number and Percentage of children (Aged under 16) – Living in Absolute Low Income Families – Dundee City

Number and percentage of children (Aged under 16) – Living in Absolute Low Income Families – Dundee City						
	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20*
Number	3,934	3,714	3,814	4,135	4,106	4,271
Percentage	17%	16%	16%	17%	17%	18%

Source: DWP- Children in low income families, local area, statistics UK Financial Years ending 2015 to 2020

Table 2: Number and percentage of children (aged under 16) living in absolute low income families Ward FYE 2015 to 2020, UK Statistical disclosure control has been applied to this table to avoid the release of confidential data. Totals may not sum due to the disclosure control applied.

- *2019/20 figures are provisional and are subject to revision in subsequent releases
- 1. Figures are for the UK and show children aged under 16 in Absolute low income families Before Housing Costs (BHC
- 2. Percentage are calculated by dividing the number of children aged under 16 living in low income families in a local authority by the population aged under 16 in that Local Authority
- 3. Populations have been taken from mid-year population estimates. The mid 2019 population estimates were the latest available at the time of release
- 4. Percentages have been rounded to 1 decimal place
- 5. Wards reflect 2019 electoral wards

Provisional figures for 2019/20 show that 18% of children aged under 16 years in Dundee City are living in absolute low income families. This has increased from 17% reported in 2018/19.

Table 31: Number and percentage of children (aged under 16) – Living in Absolute Low Income Families – Dundee City Ward Breakdown

Number and Percentage of Children (Aged Under 16) – Living in Absolute Low Income Families- Dundee City						
Ward	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20*
Coldside	514 (23%)	575 (25%)	566 (25%)	590 (25%)	612 (27%)	580 (26%)
East End	661 (20%)	585 (18%)	574 (18%)	602 (18%)	617 (19%)	699 (22%)
Lochee	577 (17%)	636 (18%)	641 (18%)	682 (19%)	717 (20%)	674 (18%)
Maryfield	481 (22%)	431 (20%)	478 (22%)	532 (24%)	480 (23%)	477 (22%)
North East	547 (16%)	497 (15%)	559 (16%)	547 (16%)	585 (17%)	662 (18%)
Strathmartine	665 (17%)	550 (14%)	577 (15%)	708 (18%)	609 (15%)	667 (17%)
The Ferry	235 (8%)	209 (7%)	190 (6%)	198 (7%)	199 (7%)	236 (8%)
West End	254 (13%)	233 (12%)	220 (11%)	268 (13%)	289 (14%)	272 (13%)

Source: DWP- Children in low income families, local area, statistics UK Financial Years ending 2015 to 2020

Table 6: Number and percentage of children (aged under 16) living in absolute low income families, Ward FYE 2015 to 2020

- *2019/20 figures are provisional. These figures will be subject to revision in subsequent releases
- 1. Figures are for the UK and show children aged under 16 in Absolute low income families Before Housing Costs (BHC)
- 2. Percentages are calculated by dividing the number of children aged under 16 living in low income families in a Ward by the population aged under 16 in that Ward
- 3. Populations have been taken from mid-year population estimates. The mid-2019 population estimates were the latest available at the time of release
- 4. Percentages have been rounded to 1 decimal places
- 5. Wards reflect 2019 electoral wards

Provisional figures for 2019/20 show the percentage of children under 16 living in absolute low income families varies across the wards in Dundee City. In Coldside 26% of children under 16 live in absolute low income families whereas 8% of children under 16 live in absolute low income families in The Ferry.

Scottish Child Payments

Scottish Child Payment is a new benefit introduced by Social Security Scotland for low-income families with children aged under 6. It is intended to provide regular, additional financial support for families already in receipt of qualifying benefits to assist with the costs of caring for a child. Social Security Scotland invited clients to apply from 9th November 2020 in advance of the benefit being launched on 15th February 2021 to help manage the expected demand. Applicants began to receive a decision from 15th February onwards, with the first payments made to clients from the end of February 2021.

Recent figures published by the Scottish Government stated that in Dundee City during the period 9th November 2020 to 31st March 2021, 3,500 applications were received for the Scottish Child Payment. As at 31st March 2021, 2,755 had been processed. Of these 93% were authorised, 5% were denied and the remaining 2% were withdrawn.

At a Scottish level, from 9th November 2020 to 31 March 2021, 104,345 applications were received for Scottish Child Payment. In total, 81,730 applications had been processed as of 31st March 2021. Of these, 92% were authorised, 6% were denied and the remaining 2% were withdrawn. Between 15th February and 31st March 2021, Scottish Child Payments were issued to clients living in all 32 local authorities in Scotland, with a combined value of £3.6 million. As of 31st March 2021, it is estimated that 78,775 children had benefited from at least one payment since the Scottish Child Payment was officially launched.

Foodbank Usage

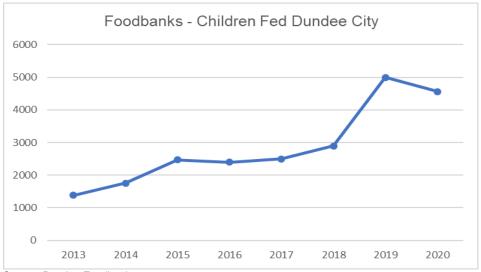
The table and chart below shows statistics provided by Dundee Foodbank displaying foodbank usage in Dundee City for the period 2013 to 2020. Since 2013 the number of vouchers issued have increased from 3,227 vouchers in 2013 to 5672 vouchers in 2020.

Table 32: Foodbank Use in Dundee City 2013 to 2019

Year	Vouchers Issued	Adults Fed	Children Fed	Total Fed
2013	3227	3858	1383	5241
2014	4001	5005	1752	6757
2015	4259	5569	2468	8037
2016	4621	6066	2401	8467
2017	4701	6095	2501	8596
2018	4998	6673	2901	9574
2019	6547	9286	4998	14284
2020	5672	8132	4560	12692

Source: Dundee Foodbank

Figure 20: Foodbanks – Children Fed (Dundee City) 2013 to 2020



Source: Dundee Foodbank

Percentage of Households that are Fuel Poor

The Scottish Government, Scottish House Condition Survey report stated that a new definition has been created for fuel poverty. A household is in fuel poverty if, in order to maintain a satisfactory heating regime, total fuel costs necessary for the home are more than 10% of the household's adjusted net income (after housing costs), and if after deducting fuel costs, benefits received for a care need or disability and childcare costs, the household's remaining adjusted net income is insufficient to maintain an acceptable standard of living. The remaining adjusted net income must be at least 90% of the UK Minimum Income Standard to be considered an acceptable standard of living, with an additional amount added for households in remote rural, remote small town and island areas.

The Scottish Government, Scottish House Condition Survey estimated that in Dundee City in the period 2017-2019 31% of all households were fuel poor. This was greater than the Scottish estimate which was 24%. Fuel poverty rates varied across the local authorities in Scotland from 13% in East Renfrewshire to 40% in Na h-Eileanan Siar. Dundee City had the joint fourth highest percentage of households in fuel poverty when compared to the other local authorities in Scotland.

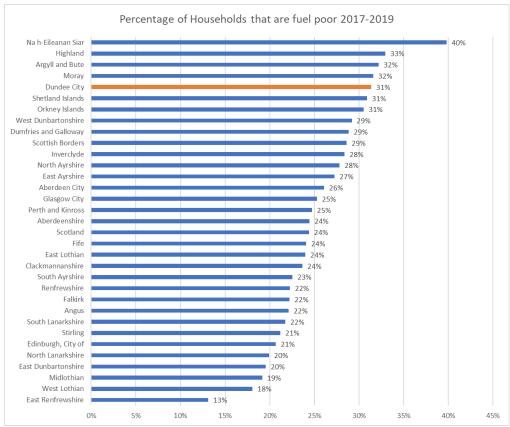


Figure 21: Percentage of households that are Fuel Poor 2016-2018 - Local Authorities and Scotland

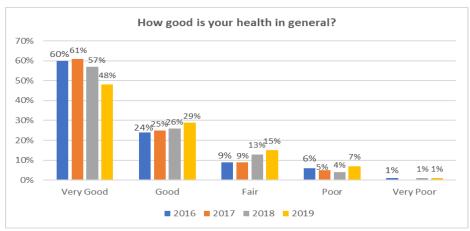
Source: Scottish Government - Scottish House Condition Survey 2017-2019 Local Authority Tables

As well as providing overall fuel poverty estimates, the Scottish Government, Scottish Households Condition Survey 2017-2019 also provides estimates of households that are fuel poor by household attributes. The report estimated that 24% of family households in Dundee City were fuel poor during the period 2017-19. This was higher than the Scottish estimate of 17%.

General Health

The Dundee City Council Annual Citizens Survey 2019 reported that 77% of respondents rated their health as very or fairly good compared to 15% who said it was fair and 8% who said it was very or fairly poor. The following chart shows the percentage of respondents rating their health as very good or good reduced in 2019 from 83% in 2018.

Figure 22: Rating of general health



Source: Dundee City Council Annual Citizens Survey 2019 Report

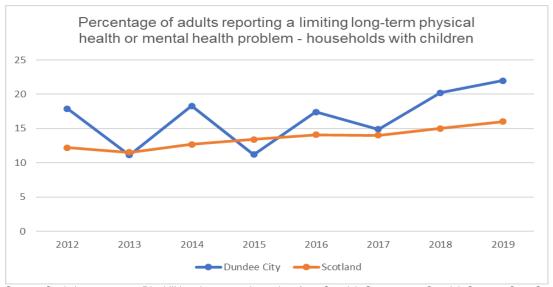
Adults with a limiting long-term physical or mental health condition/Illness

Scotpho reported that in 2019, 29.8% of adults aged 16 and over in Dundee City had a limiting long-term physical or mental health condition/illness. This was seventh highest percentage when compared to the other local authorities in Scotland. South Ayrshire recorded the highest percentage with 32.0% (Source: Scotpho 2019 – Scottish Government, Scottish Surveys Core Questions).

The Scottish Health Survey estimated that 35% of adults age 16 years and over in Scotland in 2019 had a limiting long-term physical or mental health condition, or illness.

Percentage of adults reporting limiting long term physical or mental health problems – households with children

Figure 23: Percentage of adults reporting a limiting long-term physical health or mental health problem- households with children

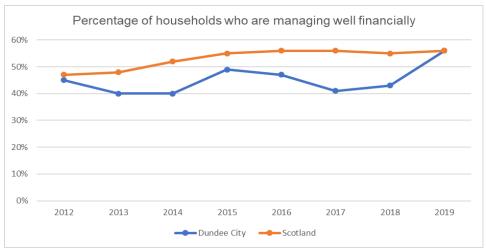


Source: Statistics.gov.scot – Disabilities data set – data taken from Scottish Government Scottish Surveys Core Questions

The Scottish Government, Scottish Surveys Core Questions reported that the percentage of adults reporting a limiting long-term health problem in households with children was 22% in 2019. This was higher than the Scottish percentage which stood at 16%.

Percentage of households managing well financially

Figure 24: Percentage of households managing well financially



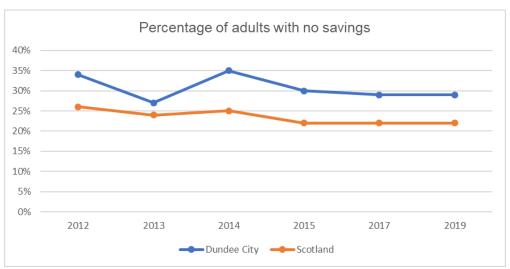
Source: Scottish Household Survey

chart shows % of households managing very well or managing quite well financially

The 2019 Scottish Household Survey reported that 56% of households in Dundee City stated that they were managing well financially. This is the same as the Scottish percentage which also stood at 56%.

Percentage of adults with no savings

Figure 25: Percentage of adults with no savings



Source: Scottish Household Survey

Chart shows proportion of households reporting that they had no savings nor investments

This question became biennial (asked every two years) in 2015 so was not asked in 2016 and 2018

The 2019 Scottish Household Survey reported that 29% of adults in Dundee City had no savings or investments. This was higher than the Scottish proportion which stood at 22%.

Dundee City Council Annual Citizens Survey – Financial Management Questions – Lone Parents

The most recent Dundee City Council Annual Citizens Survey was conducted in 2019. During the survey period 1,300 citizens in Dundee City were interviewed to establish their views on general and specific aspects of life in Dundee. A section of the survey focussed on money matters.

In the 2019 Annual Citizens Survey there were 75 responses where the household was shown as a single parent household with at least one child (0-15 years). The following tables look at the responses to the financial questions by lone parents.

Table 33: Household Income from Welfare Benefits (Lone Parent Responses)

What proportion of your household income comes from Welfare Benefits ?			
Response Percentage			
None	18.7%		
Some	21.3%		
All	60.0%		
Don't know	0.0%		
Total	100.0%		

Source: Dundee City Council – Annual Citizens Survey 2019 – Question 43

The majority of lone parents who participated in the 2019 Annual Citizens Survey (81.3%) stated that all or some of their household income comes from welfare benefits. This is much higher when compared to the responses from all survey respondents where 30% stated that all or some of their income comes from Welfare Benefits.

Table 34: Contents Insurance (Lone Parent Responses)

Do you have insurance for the contents of your house such as furniture, electrical goods etc?			
Response	Percentage		
Yes	14.7%		
No	82.7%		
Don't Know	1.3%		
Prefer not to say	1.3%		
Total	100.0%		

Source: Dundee City Council – Annual Citizens Survey 2019 – Question 45

Around 15% of lone parents who participated in the 2019 Annual Citizens Survey stated that they had insurance for the contents of their house. In contrast when examining the results from all respondents, 58% stated that they had contents insurance for their house.

Table 35: Specific Financial Difficulties (Lone Parent Responses)

Are you currently experiencing, or within the last year have you had any difficulties with the following?				
Types of Difficulties	Yes	No		
Mortgage or rent payments	10.7%	89.3%		
Changes to benefits	5.3%	94.7%		
Council Tax Payments	22.7%	77.3%		
Loan or Credit Card Payments	21.3%	78.7%		
Cost of Food	41.3%	58.7%		
Cost of domestic energy bills	60.0%	40.0%		
Vehicle fuel prices	1.3%	98.7%		
None of the above	32.0%	68.0%		
Prefer not to say	1.3%	98.7%		

Source: Dundee City Council - Annual Citizens Survey 2019 - Question 46

The majority of lone parents who participated in the 2019 Annual Citizens Survey stated that they were not currently experiencing or had in the last year experienced most of the financial difficulties shown in the table above. However, 60% of lone parents stated that they were currently experiencing or had

experienced difficulties with the cost of domestic energy bills in the last year. In contrast when examining the results from all respondents 17% stated that they had faced this difficulty.

The cost of food also received a high response with 41.3% of lone parents stating that they were currently experiencing difficulties or had experienced difficulties in the last year. This was higher than the responses from all survey respondents where 14% stated that they had faced this difficulty.

Table 36: Financial Situation (Lone Parent Responses)

Taking everything together, which of these phrases on this card best describes how you and your household are managing financially these days?				
Response Percentage				
Managing very well	1.3%			
Managing quite well	13.3%			
Get by alright	54.7%			
Don't manage very well	16.0%			
Have some deep financial difficulties	13.3%			
Are in deep financial trouble	1.3%			
Refused	0.0%			
Don't know	0.0%			
Total	100.0%			

Source: Dundee City Council – Annual Citizens Survey 2019 – Question 47

When asked about their financial situation 14.6% of lone parent respondents who participated in the 2019 Annual Citizens Survey stated that they were managing very well or quite well. A large proportion of respondents (54.7%) stated they were getting by alright. Sixteen percent stated that they don't manage very well. Around 13% of respondents stated that they were having some deep financial difficulties and 1.3% of respondents stated that they were in deep financial trouble.

In contrast when looking at the responses from all respondents who participated in the survey, 55% of respondents stated that they were managing very well or quite well and 32% stated that they were getting by alright. Eight percent stated that they don't manage very well and 2% stated that they have some deep financial difficulties. The remaining 3% refused or were unable to answer this question.